SHOULD I KEEP TAKING MY ACID REFLUX MEDICATION?

A consult decision aid for you to discuss whether to continue your proton pump inhibitor (PPI)

1. Why am I being offered this choice?

YOU HAVE TAKEN A PPI FOR AT LEAST 4 WEEKS (to treat mild/moderate heartburn or acid reflux)	Acid reflux happens when acid from your stomach travels into your esophagus (a tube that connects the mouth to the stomach). The acid causes heartburn, pain in the throat or trouble swallowing. PPIs stop release of acid in the stomach.
YOU HAVE NO SYMPTOMS	PPIs resolve symptoms and heal about 60 to 80% of patients after 4 to 8 weeks. Some people may not need to keep taking PPIs long-term. Guidelines suggest using the lowest effective dose for the shortest duration.
YOU DO <u>NOT</u> HAVE A REASON TO STAY ON A PPI LONG-TERM	Certain people need PPIs long-term (for example, those taking regular NSAIDs*, those with a history of a stomach bleed, Barrett's esophagus or severe inflammation in their esophagus). It is not be suitable for these people to stop their PPI.

*NSAID = non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (e.g. ibuprofen [Advil], naproxen [Aleve])

2. What are your options?





Use a lower dose of PPI



Stop and use PPI "on-demand" (only when you have symptoms, for as long as it takes for symptoms to go away, then stop)

3. Rate the importance of benefits and harms of each option

CONTINUE VS. LOWER DOSE

This is the best estimate of what happens to 100 people with mild/moderate acid reflux who use a lower dose of PPI versus those who continue the same dose for 12 months.

Use stars ★ to show how much each benefit, risk, or reason matters to you. No stars means not at all. Five stars means a great deal. Circle the number of stars that apply to you.	Continue PPI	Use a lower dose of PPI	How much does this matter? △∏∆
SYMPTOMS COME BACK 6 out of 100 more people's[++] symptoms will come back (between 3 less to 19 more people) There may be a slight or no increase in the chance of symptoms coming back if you take a lower dose of your PPI	43 out of 100	49 out of 100	****
Add other reasons to choose continue your PPI at th	e same dose:		****

© Use freely, with credit to the authors. Not for commercial use. Do not modify or translate without permission.



This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial –ShareAlike 4.0 International License. Contact <u>Representational Contact Representations Contact Representations</u> or visit <u>Representations</u> for more information.

Thompson W, Farrell B, Welch V, Walsh M, Vanderheyden A, Tugwell P, Bjerre L et al. Last reviewed: August 2017. Outcomes from Boghossian T et al. Cochrane Database Syst Rev 2017;CD011969, Farrell B et al. Can Fam Phys 2017;63(5):354-64; Eom et al. CMAJ 2011;183(3):310; Kwok et al. Am J Gastroenterol 2012;107:1011-19; Yu et al. Am J Med 2011;124(6):519-26. Based on the Ottawa Consult Decision Aid © 2013 Stacey, Légaré, O'Connor. OHRI & uOttawa, Canada. Icons courtesy of Noun Project: Alex S. Lakas, TukTuk Design, Michael Rowe, Shrihari Sankaran, Sergey Novosyolov. Do not change how you are taking your PPI without speaking to your doctor, nurse practitioner or pharmacist.

CONTINUE VS. STOP AND USE ON-DEMAND

This is the best estimate of what happens to 100 people with mild/moderate acid reflux who

use PPIs "on-demand" versus those who continue at the same dose over 3 to 6 months.

Use stars * to show how much each benefit, risk, or reason matters to you. No stars means not at all. Five stars means a great deal. Circle the number of stars that apply to you.	Continue PPI	Stop PPI and use "on-demand"	How much does this matter?
SYMPTOMS COME BACK			
7 out of 100 more people's ^[++] symptoms will come back (between 3 more to 11 more people)	9 out of 100	16 out of 100	****
There <u>may be</u> an increased chance of symptoms coming back if you stop and take your PPI on-demand			
PILLS PER WEEK			
People ^[+++] will take 3.8 less pills per week on average		3.8 less pills	****
(between 2.8 <u>less</u> to 4.7 <u>less</u> pills per week)		per week	
You will likely take $\underline{\text{less}}$ pills if you take a PPI on-demand			
Add other reasons to continue taking your PPI at the	e same dose:		****

RARE ADVERSE EFFECTS

It is <u>uncertain</u> whether the following adverse effects are associated with <u>PPI use</u> (versus those not taking <u>PPIs</u>) because the certainty of evidence is very low:

taking PPIs) because the certainty of evidence is very	low:		
Use stars ★ to show how much each benefit, risk, or reason matters to you. No stars means not at all. Five stars means a great deal. Circle the number of stars that apply to you.	Continue PPI	No PPI	How much does this matter?
Community-acquired pneumonia	68 out of	50 out of	
If 10,000 people take PPIs for 1-6 months 18 more people	10,000	10,000	****
may get community-acquired pneumonia compared to	experience	experience	****
those who do not take PPIs [+]	this	this	
C. difficile infection	22 out of	12 out of	
If 10,000 people take PPIs 10 more people may get a <i>C</i> .	10,000	10,000	****
difficile infection compared to those who do not take	experience	experience	****
PPIs over 1 year [+]	this	this	
Hip Fractures	<u>Women</u>	<u>Women</u>	
If 100,000 women take PPIs 24 more women may have a	105 out of	81 out of	
hip fracture compared to those who do not take PPIs (per	100,000	100,000	
year) [+]	<u>Men</u>	<u>Men</u>	****
	66 out of	51 out of	
If 100,000 men take PPIs 15 more men may have a hip	100,000	100,000	
fracture compared to those who do not take PPIs (per	experience	experience	
year) [+]	this	this	

4. What you can do if symptoms come back

If your symptoms come back for more than 3 days and bother you, please contact your doctor or pharmacist. You may have to return to your previous dose.

If symptoms come back but are occasional or mild: consider using an over-the-counter product such as TUMS® or Gaviscon®. Check with your doctor or pharmacist first.

Avoiding meals within 2-3 hours of bedtime, raising the head of your bed or weight loss may help control symptoms.

5. What are your	decision-making needs?		
Sure of myself Understand information Risk-benefit ratio Encouragement The SURE Test ©2008 O'Conn	Do you feel sure about the best choice for you? Do you know the benefits and risks of each option? Are you clear about which benefits and risks matter most to you? Do you have enough support and advice to make a choice? or & Légaré.	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes	□ No □ No □ No
6. Which option	do you prefer?		
☐ Continue taking my P☐ Try to use a lower dos☐ Try to stop PPI and us☐ Unsure	e of PPI		
Do not change how you nurse practitioner or ph	are taking your acid reflux medication without consulting yarmacist.	our do	ctor,
7. My plan:			

1.

2.

3.

If your symptoms come back for more than 3 days and are interfering with your sleep and/or normal activity, please contact your doctor or pharmacist.

GRADE system: The quality of the research used to obtain these estimates is rated using the GRADE system: ++++ High quality = further research is very unlikely to change the estimate. +++ Moderate quality = further research may change the estimate. ++ Low quality = further research is likely to change the estimate. + Very low quality = further research is very likely to change the estimate. The SURE Test: People who answer "No" to one or more of these questions are more likely to delay their decision, change their mind, feel regret about their choice or blame others for bad outcomes. It is important to work through the decision step by step.







© Use freely, with credit to the authors. Not for commercial use. Do not modify or translate without permission. This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial –ShareAlike 4.0 International License. $\Theta \Theta \Theta$ rescribing one for more information.